Aqua Scooter

Problem Definition and Project Plan

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Overview

- Background
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http://www.redferret.net/?p=8163

Background

- Chemical technician Bernd Boettgers wanted to escape from East Germany.
- His first attempt to test his "water-machine" resulted in an arrest and jail time.
- He worked on a second machine, and after a year of building, entered the sea in September, 1968.
- After over 6 hours of water travel, he was finally spotted by the Danish Lightship, Gedser.
- January, 1978, Aqua Scooter was introduced in the United States.

Why Test for Emissions?

- Advantages of Emission Testing
 - Improves vehicle performance and fuel economy.
 - Reduces carbon monoxide, hydrocarbons, and nitrogen oxides.
 - Ensures proper function of emission controls.

Project Goal

Need

 Current Aqua Scooter model does not meet EPA regulations.

Goal

 Design an improved Aqua Scooter that exceeds EPA regulations.

Current Model

Two- Stroke Engine

- Used for typically greater power to weight ratio.
- Mixed oil and fuel injected into combustion chamber by carburetor.

Exhaust emissions

- Can't meet current EPA regulations.
- Unburned exhaust emissions enter the atmosphere.

Objectives

- Design an aesthetically pleasing AquaScooter, that complies with EPA regulations.
- The new design should be lightweight and provide similar thrust.
- The system must be buoyant and relatively cheap to manufacture.
- Must be safe for a child to use.

Constraints

- 1/2 gallon, plastic fuel tank
- Gasoline powered
- \$450 max manufacture cost
- Metal engine and muffler
 housing
- Starter assembly is plastic and metal

- Plastic prop protection
- Control handle included
- Throttle control
- Exhaust valve
- Must be 18 pounds or less
- Must provide at least 50
 pounds thrust

Testing Environment

 Initial testing will be conducted in a naturally occurring body of water or team built environment.

• Emissions testing will be done by either the Arizona Department of Transportation, or Arizona Game and Fish Department.

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Table 1: Gantt Chart and deadline schedule.

QFD

Aquascooter QFD Matrix	Weight	Byuoancy	Fuel Ccapacity	Thrust	Exhaust emission	Operating Life	Warranty	Cayago Seabob	Seadoo Seascooter
Aesthetically pleasing	х		х					0	0
Child safe	х	Х		х	X				0
Lightweight	Х	Х	х	Х					
Floats	х	х	х					0	0
Propels operator through water				Х	Х			0	0
Runs for extended period			x						
Meets current EPA regs.					Х	x	x	0	0
units	lb.	lb.	gal.	lb.	g/kW-h	Hours/Years	Hours/Months		
-	≤ 18	≥ 18	≥ 0.5	≥ 50	≤ 30 of Hydrocarbon, ≤ 490 of Carbon Monoxide	≥ 350/5	≥ 175/30		

Customer Needs

Engineering Requirements

Engineering Targets

Bench Marks

Table 2: QFD matrix relates customer needs and engineering requirements.

House of Quality

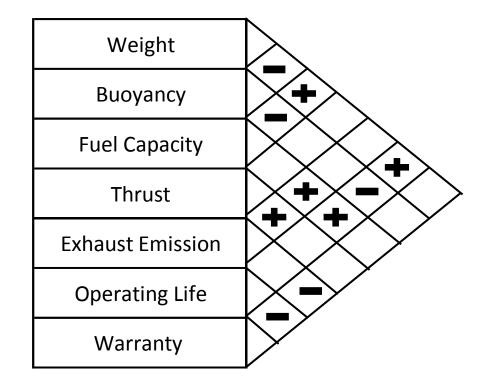


Table 3: House of quality correlates engineering requirements.

Summary

- Current Aqua Scooter can't meet EPA regulations
- Team goal is to redesign to meet EPA regulations
- Upon successful redesign, the client will once again have a product that is marketable in the United States

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Any Questions?